

FIG. 1

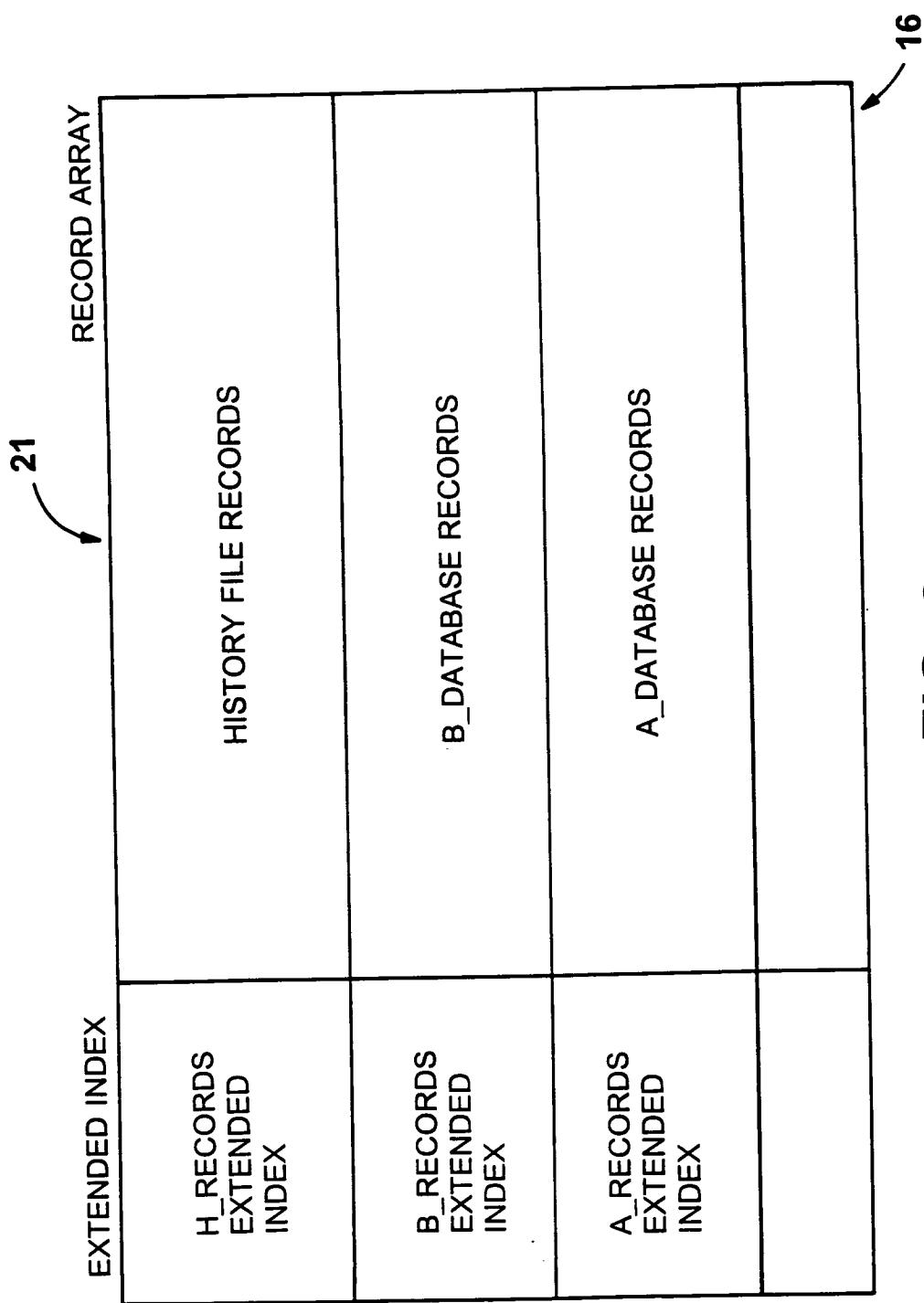


FIG. 2

Pseudo Code for Translation Engine Control Module

100. CREATE Parameter_Table from User Input A & B database characteristics and default values
101. INSTRUCT Synchronizer to initialize itself
102. INSTRUCT Synchronizer to LOAD the History_File into its WORKSPACE
103. INSTRUCT B_Translator to LOAD all of B_ records from B_Database and SEND to Synchronizer
(Synchronizer STORES these records in WORKSPACE)
104. INSTRUCT A_Translator to SANITIZE B_records that were just LOADED (A_Translator USES Synchronizer services to read and write records in the WORKSPACE; Synchronizer maps these records using-the B-A_Map before sending them to A_Translator and maps them back using A-B_Map before rewriting them into the WORKSPACE)
INSTRUCT A_Translator to LOAD all of A_records from A_Database and SEND to Synchronizer
(Synchronizes STORES these records in WORKSPACE by first mapping them using the A-B_Map and them storing in their new form)
105. INSTRUCT B_Translator to SANITIZE A_records that were just LOADED (B_Translator uses Synchronizer services to read and write records in the WORKSPACE)
INSTRUCT Synchronizer to do CAAR (Conflict Analysis And Resolution) on all the records in WORKSPACE.
INFORM user exactly what steps Synchronizer proposes to take (i.e. Adding, Changing, and Deleting records). WAIT for User
IF user inputs NO, THEN ABORT
106. INSTRUCT B_Translator to UNLOAD all applicable records to B_Database.
107. INSTRUCT A_Translator to UNLOAD all applicable records to the A_Database.
108. INSTRUCT Synchronizer to CREATE a new History File.
- 109.
- 110.
- 111.
- 112.

FIG. 3

Pseudocode for Generating Parameter Table

{Get Input from the user}
150. ASK user to whether to synchronize based on a previously stored set of preferences (Previous Preferences) or based on a set of new preferences (New Preferences)

FIG. 4B

FIG. 4

151. IF New Preferences THEN
152. ASK user whether Incremental Synchronization or Synchronization from Scratch
153. ASK user following information and STORE in Parameter_Table
 a. A_Application and B_Application Names
 b. ADB and BDB Names
 c. ADB and BDB Locations
 d. Which sections to Synchronize
 e. Conflict Resolution Option: IGNORE, ADD, DB WINS, BDB WINS, or NOTIFY
 f. Other user preferences
154. ASK user whether wants default mapping for the selected sections of the two databases or wants
 to modify default mapping
 LOAD A_Database-B_Database (2)
 IF Default Mapping THEN
 STORE A-B_Map AND B-A_Map in Parameter_Table
155. END IF
156. IF Modified Mapping THEN
157. DISPLAY A-B_Map and B-A_Map
158. ASK user to modify Maps as desired
159. STORE the new A-B_Map and B-A_Map in the Parameter_Table
160. END IF
161. END IF

FIG. 4A

166. IF Previous_Preferences THEN
 167. ASK user whether Incremental_Synchronization or Synchronization from_Scratch
 ✓ 168. STORE in Parameter_Table
 169. LOAD Previous_Preferences regarding which databases, mapping, and so on
 170. STORE in the Parameter_Table

171. END IF
 {User now specifies Date Range}
 172. ASK user to choose Date Range Option
 Previously chosen Automatic Date Range calculated from today
 a. Input New Automatic Date Range
 b. Input static Date Range for this Synchronization
 c. All dates
 d. CALCULATE Start_Current_Date_Range and End_Current_Date_Range based on values from step 171

✓ 173. STORE in Parameter_Table
 174. LOAD parameters setting out characteristics of A_Database and B_Database from Parameters database,
 including

- a. Field_List_A and Field_List_B
- b. A_Translator and B_Translator Module Identifiers
- c. ADB_Section_Names and BDB_Section_Name

✓ 175. STORE in Parameters Table

✓ 176.

FIG. 4B

RECEIVE following from Parameter Table

- 1) Name of A_App
- 2) Name of B_App
- 3) Name and Location of A_DB
- 4) Name and Location of B_DB
- 5) Section name of A_Application to be synchronized
- 6) Section name of B_Application to be synchronized
- 7) Incremental Synchronization or Synchronization_From_Scratch Flags

SEARCH for H_File matching Parameters 1-6

If Found H-File and Incremental Synchronization THEN DO nothing

IF Found H-File and Synchronization From Scratch, THEN DELETE H_File

IF NOT found H-File, THEN SET Synchronization_from_Scratch AND ASSIGN file name for history file.

201. LOAD from Parameter_Table Start_Current_Date_Range and End_Current_Date_Range

202. LOAD from Parameter_Table Field_Lists for A-DB and B-DB and field and mapping information

203. If Incremental_Synchronization THEN COMPARE Field_Lists and Maps from Parameter_Table with History_Field_Lists and Maps

204. IF exact match THEN DO nothing

205. IF not exact match THEN DELETE H_file AND SET Synchronization_from_Scratch

206. CREATE WORKSPACE using Field_List_B

207. If Incremental_Synchronization THEN Copy H_file into WORKSPACE

208. FOR each H-Record update

{analyze & update source of extended index}

209. Do Nothing to NEXT_IN FIG

210. 211. 212. 213. 214.

FIG. 5A

FIG. 5B

FIG. 5

FIG. 5A

```

215.      FIND H-Record with matching KeyFields
216.      IF FOUND THEN Update NEXT_IN_SKG of H-Record
217.      IF Appointment type and Non-Recurring record THEN
218.          IF (Start_Date after End_Previous_Date Range) OR (End_Date before
219.              Start_Previous_Date Range) THEN SET Bystander Flag END IF
220.          IF (Start_Date after End_Current_Date Range) OR (End_Date before Start_Current_
221.              Date_Range) THEN SET Outside_Current_Range END IF
222.      {Recurring records}
223.      ELSE
224.          Fan_Out_Recurrence_Pattern for H-Record
225.          SET Bystander Flag and Outside_Current_Range Flags for H-Record
226.          For all Fanned out Instances
227.          IF (Start_Date Before End_Previous_Date Range) OR (End_Date after
228.              Start_Previous_Date_Range) THEN UN-SET Bystander Flag of Recurring H-
229.              Record END IF
230.          IF (Start_Date before End_Current_Date Range) OR (End_Date after
231.              Start_Current_Date_Range) THEN UN-SET Outside_Current_Range END IF
232.      END LOOP
233.  END IF
234. END LOOP

```

FIG. 5B

```
235. LOAD Rep_Basic, Start_Date, Stop_Date, Frequency
236. CALCULATE Useful_Start_Date and Useful_Stop_Date based on Start_Date, Stop_Date, Max_Fan_Out
and Usefulness_Range_Future & Past
237. REPEAT
238.   CALCULATE Next_Date based on Useful_Start_Date, Current_Date, Rep_Basic, Frequency,
      Max_Fan_Out
      IF Next_Date After Useful_Stop_Date, THEN EXIT
      STORE Next_Date
      Fan_Out_Date_Array
      Current_Date = Next_Date
242.
243. END LOOP
```

FIG. 6

Pseudocode for Key_Field_Match

```
250. RECEIVE Key Field Hash and WORKSPACE_ID
      For all records in WORKSPACE
      IF Match_Hash_Value equals Hash_Values_of_Record THEN LOAD the two records
      COMPARE the key fields two records
      IF Exact Match THEN SET Match_Found
      EXIT LOOP
256. END IF
257. END LOOP
258. If Match_Found THEN SEND Success Flag and WORKSPACE_ID of Matching record
```

FIG. 7

Pseudo Code for Loading Records of B_database into WORKSPACE

B_Translator:

300. FOR ALL Records in B_DB
301. READ Record from B_DB
302. IF (record outside of combination of Current_Date_Range and Previous_Date_Range), THEN
 GOTO END LOOP
303. IF NOT right origin tag for this synchronization THEN GOTO END LOOP
304. SEND Record to Synchronizer 325-236
305. END LOOP

Synchronizer:

325. RECEIVE B_Record
326. STORE in WORKSPACE in next available space

FIG. 8

Pseudo Code for Generic A_Sanitization of B_DB Records in Workspace

A_Translator:

```
350.    REPEAT
351.        FOR EVERY Field in an A_Record
352.            REQUEST Field from Synchronizer
353.            IF Last_Field, THEN EXIT LOOP
354.            SANITIZE Field, according to A_Sanitization rules
355.        END LOOP
356.        IF Last_Field, THEN EXIT LOOP
357.        SANITIZE Record according to A_Sanitization rule
358.        FOR EVERY Field in an A_Record
359.            SEND Field value to Sanitizer
360.        END FOR
361.    UNTIL EXIT
```

SYNCHRONIZER:

```
375.    In Response to Request for Field by A_Sanitizer
376.    REPEAT UNTIL LAST RECORD
377.        READ B_Record
378.        MAP Record according to B_A Map
379.        REPEAT UNTIL A_Translator Request a field from a new Record
380.            SEND REQUESTED B_field to A_Translator
381.            WAIT FOR RETURN of B_Field from A_Translator
382.            STORE field Value in Mapping_Cache
383.        END LOOP
384.        MAP record in Cache according to A-B Map
385.        STORE record in WORKSPACE
386.    END LOOP
387.    SEND Last_Field flag in response to REQUEST
```

FIG. 9

Specific Example of Sanitization

400. IF StartDate and EndDate are both blank
 Make Alarm Date blank and make Alarm Flag = FALSE
401. ELSE IF EndDate is blank THEN SET EndDate = StartDate
402. ELSE IF StartDate is blank OR is greater than EndDate THEN
 SET StartDate =
 EndDate END IF

404. IF AlarmFlag is TRUE and AlarmDate is blank THEN SET AlarmDate = StartDate
 ELSE IF AlarmDate is greater than EndDate THEN SET AlarmDate = EndDate
405. END IF
406. END IF

FIG. 10

Pseudo_code for Orientation Analysis (Index Value analysis)

450. FOR EVERY Record of database in WORKSPACE
 CALCULATE Key_Field_Hash from Section Subtype value for the record & all Mapped Key
 Fields

452. CALCULATE Non_key_Fields_Hash from all Mapped Non_key Fields which are not marked as
 No Reconcile

453. CALCULATE Exclusion_List_Hash, if Recurring_Master, from Exclusion_List

454. CALCULATE Non_Date_Hash from all non-date mapped non-key fields which are not
 No Reconcile fields

455. If B_Record THEN CALCULATE B_ID_Hash

456. IF A_Record THEN CALCULATE A_DB_ID_Hash

457. CALCULATE Start_Date_Time values (for Appointments and TO DO Lists)

458. CALCULATE End_Date_Time

459. IF Recurring Item and No instances in Current Date Range THEN SET Out_Of_Range

460. IF (Start_Date After End_Current_Date OR End_DateBefore Start_Current_Date_Range,
 THEN SET Out_Of_Range_Flag ELSE SET IN_Range_Flag

461. END IF

462. IF Matching Unique ID in H_records THEN ADD to CIG

463. IF Matching Unique_ID in H_records, THEN SET WARNING FLAG

464. IF an H or current database record with same key field values (using Key_Field_Match function,
 Fig. 7), THEN ADD Current Record to SKG of the H or A_record

465. END LOOP

FIG. 11

Pseudocode for Conflict Analysis And Resolution (CAAR)

- 500. Analyze ID Bearing FIGS.
- 501. Analyze and expand ID bearing CIGs
- 502. Finding Matches between Recurring Items and Non-Unique ID bearing Instances
- 503. Analyze SKGs
- 504. SET CIG Types

FIG. 12

Pseudocode for Analyzing ID_bearing FIGs

```
550. FOR EVERY Recurring Master of ID Bearing FIGS in H_file
      FOR EVERY FIG H_Record in Recurring Master FIG
        REMOVE Record from SKG it belongs to
        IF Record is a singleton CIG, THEN ADD to New_Exclusion_List
        IF Record is a doubleton CIG, THEN
          IF the two Records in CIG are Identical, THEN remove other RECORD from
          its SKG
        END IF
      END IF
      ELSE IF the two records are NOT Identical, THEN ADD FIG record to
      New_Exclusion_List and change records into singleton CIGs
    END IF
  END LOOP
  CREATE Synthetic Master record entry in WORKSPACE
  COPY value from one of the CIG mates into Synthetic Master
  COPY Rep Basic (i.e. recurrence pattern) from the Recurring Master into Synthetic Master
  COPY Exclusion List from the database Recurring Master into Synthetic Master and MERGE
  with New_Exclusion_List
  COMPUTE all Hash values for Synthetic Master
  CREATE new FIG between Synthetic Master the CIGmates of the H-FIG records
  CREATE CIG among the three Recurring Masters

{Fan Out Creep}
  ✓ 567. Fan out Recurring Master with Previous_Date_Range
  568. Fan out Recurring Master with Current_Date_Range
  569. IF two date arrays are NOT identical, THEN MARK CIG with Fan_Out_Creep flag
  570. MARK all Records in H_File Recurring Master FIG and Synthetic Master FIG as
       Dependent FIG
  571. END LOOP
```

FIG. 13

PPseudo Code for EXPANDING ID BASED CIGS

```

600.   For each H_record,
       IF single record CIG, THEN GO TO END LOOP
       IF triple record CIG, THEN REMOVE CIG records from their SKGs
601.   IF Dependant FIG, THEN GO TO END LOOP
602.   IF record needed to make triple has to be from a DB with unique ID, THEN GO TO END
603.   LOOP
604.   For all members of SKG to which H_record belongs
       IF Non_Key_Field_Hash of H_record and SKG_record Match, THEN
          IF Exact Match of all fields with H_item THEN Strong_Match is found END
          IF
             ELSE
                IF H_Record is a Recurring Master, THEN Find Fanned Instance (Table
                   Recurring Master/Instance Match) which is Strong_Match
                END IF
             END IF
605.   END LOOP
606.   IF Strong_Match is found AND IF the SKG_Record is Weak_Match member of a CIG, THEN
607.      REMOVE SKG Record from Weak_Match CIG AND Seek Alternate Weak_Match for
608.      the CIG
609.      ADD SKG record to Current doubleton CIG AND Record for the Weak_Match_CIG
610.      REMOVE all records in CIG from SKG
611.   END IF
612.   IF Strong_Match is NOT found, THEN FIND Weak_Match
613.   IF Weak_Match is found, THEN create Weak_CIG
614.      ELSE REMOVE all records in CIG from SKG
615.   END IF
616.   END LOOP
617.   IF Strong_Match is NOT found, THEN FIND Weak_Match
618.   IF Weak_Match is found, THEN create Weak_CIG
619.      ELSE REMOVE all records in CIG from SKG
620.   END IF
621.   END LOOP

```

FIG. 14

Pseudo Code for Finding Weak Matches for a Record

```
622. FOR EVERY Record in SKG
623.   IF (SKG record is from same database as records for which match is sought OR
624.     SKG record already is a Weak_Match record in a CIG OR
625.       SKG record is a Dependent FIG OR
626.       SKG record is Non_Recurring AND records for which is sought are not, OR
627.       SKG record is Recurring AND records for which is sought are not)
628.     THEN
629.       GO TO END LOOP
630.     ELSE
631.       If recurring item OR Key_Date_Field match Exactly, THEN Weak_Match is found
632.     END IF
633.   END LOOP
```

FIG. 15

Pseudo Code for Finding Matches between Recurring items and Non_Une ID Bearing Instances

```
650.    IF Instances' database does not have unique ID OR synchronizing from scratch THEN CONTINUE  
651.        ELSE EXIT  
652.    END IF  
653.    FOR any Recurring_Master not in Instances database,  
654.        Fan out Recurring_Master for Previous_Date_Range into Previous_Date_Array  
655.        MARK all entry as Previous_Date_Range_Instance  
656.        Fan out Current_Recurring_Master for Current Data Range into Current_Dates_Array  
657.        MARK all entries as Current_Date_Range_Instance  
658.        MARK records in Exclusion_List as EXCLUDED_Dates  
659.        MERGE Exclusion_List, Previous_Date_Array and Current_Date_Array into  
               Merged_Date_Array  
660.        CREATE Slave_Date_Array  
661.        FOR EVERY item in SKG of Recurring_Master  
662.            IF Recurring item OR NOT Instances database record, THEN GO TO END LOOP  
663.            IF Start_Date of SKG record Matches an Entry in Merged_Date_Array THEN STORE  
               in Slave_Array WORKSPACE record number of SKG record AND  
               Merged_Date_Array in Slave Array  
664.        END LOOP  
665.        FOR EVERY Unique Non_Date Hash of Slave_Array records  
666.            FIND Slave_Array records with matching Non_Date Hash  
667.            COUNT number of matches  
668.        END LOOP  
669.        FIND the largest number of match counts  
670.        IF largest is less than 30% of number of unexcluded instances of Master Recurring, THEN  
               EXIT
```

FIG. 16A

FIG. 16B

FIG. 16

FIG. 16A

IF Match equals one, THEN IF NOT exact match, THEN EXIT
 CREATE Homogenous_Instance_Group from the records which have the same Non_Date_Hash
 value as the largest match
 CREATE new record Synthetic_Master in WORKSPACE
 COPY Basic Repeat Pattern of Recurring_Master into Synthetic_Master
 COPY Other values from 1st item of Homogeneous Instance Group into Synthetic_Master
 CREATE Synthetic_Master Exclusion_List based on differences between Merged_Date_Array
 and Homogeneous_Instance_Group
 COMPUTE Hash values for Synthetic_Master
 ADD Synthetic_Master to CIG of Recurring_Master
 CREATE Synthetic_Master FIG from all Homogeneous_Instances_Group item
 FOR EVERY Homogeneous_Instances_Group item,
 IF Weak_match in another CIG, THEN REMOVE from CIG AND FIND New WEAK
 MATCH for that CIG
 REMOVE from its SKG
 MARK as Dependant FIG
 END LOOP
 IF dates in Previous Date Array which are not in Current_Date_Array OR Vice_versa THEN
 MARK CIG Fan_Out_Creep Flag (for unload time)
 END LOOP

FIG. 16B

Pseudocode for Completing SKG Analysis

```
700.  IF A_database AND B_database are unique ID bearing DBs, THEN REMOVE ALL remaining H_items  
      from SKGs  
702.  END IF  
703.  FOR ALL SKGs in WORKSPACE  
    IF SKG is singleton, THEN GO TO END LOOP  
    FOR ALL items in Current SKG  
      IF item is Weak_Match AND part of ID_based pair, THEN REMOVE from SKG  
    END LOOP  
708.  FOR ALL records in Current_SKG beginning with H_Records  
    Call Set CIG_Max_Size in Figure 18  
    FIND Strong Match or Master/Instance Match between Non_ID bearing database  
    record and H_Records  
710.  IF FOUND, THEN ADD to CIG  
    ELSE IF FIND Strong_Match in SKG between BA and B database records  
      THEN Attach records together as CIG END IF  
    END IF  
713.  IF CIG_Size = CIG_MAX_Size, THEN REMOVE ALL CIG members from SKG  
714.  END IF  
715.  IF CIG_Max_Size = 3, THEN  
    END LOOP  
716.  FOR EVERY two record CIG in SKG,  
      FIND Weak_Match (Same Key_Date Field and Same Recurrence Level)  
      IF Weak_Match item from opposing DB, THEN ADD to CIG  
      REMOVE records in CIG from SKG  
    END LOOP  
721.  END IF  
722.  FOR EVERY SKG item  
      FIND Weak_Match (Same Key_Date_Field and Same Recurrence Level)  
      IF FOUND, THEN ADD to CIG and REMOVE from SKG  
    END LOOP  
727.  END LOOP
```

FIG. 17

Pseudocode for setting Maximum CIG Size for Every CIG analyzed in Fig. 17.

750. **CIG_Max_Size** = the number of non-unique ID bearing applications +1
751. If the **CIG_Max_size** = 1 and CIG is not a H_Record THEN **CIG_MAX_Size** = 2

FIG. 18

Pseudo Code for setting CIG types

```
800. FOR EVERY CIG
    IF CIG Size is 1, THEN
        DETERMINE origin of the CIG record
        IF H_Record, THEN CIG_Type = 010
        IF B_Record, THEN CIG_Type = 001
        IF A_Record, THEN CIG_Type = 100
    END IF
    IF CIG Size is 2, THEN
        COMPARE the two CIG records
        IF two members are the same, THEN
            DETERMINE the origin of the CIG records
            IF B_Record and H_Record, THEN CIG_Type = 011
            IF A_Record and H_Record, THEN CIG_Type = 110
            IF B_Record and A_Record, THEN CIG_Type = 101
        END IF
        IF two records are different, THEN
            DETERMINE the origin of the CIG records
            IF B_Record and H_Record, THEN CIG_Type = 012
            IF A_Record and H_Record, THEN CIG_Type = 210
            IF B_Record and A_Record, THEN CIG_Type = 102
    END IF
815.
```

FIG. 19A

FIG. 19B

FIG. 19

FIG. 19A

821. END IF
822. IF CIG_Size = 3, THEN
823. COMPARE records
824. DETERMINE origins of records
825. IF ALL records are the same, THEN CIG_Type = 111
826. IF A_Record different from the other two and B_Record = H_Record,
827. CIG_Type = 211
828. IF B_Record different from the other two and A_Record = H_Record,
829. CIG_Type = 112
830. IF H_Record different from the other two and B_Record = A_Record,
831. CIG_Type = 212
 IF ALL records are different, THEN CIG_Type = 213
 END IF
 END LOOP

FIG. 19B

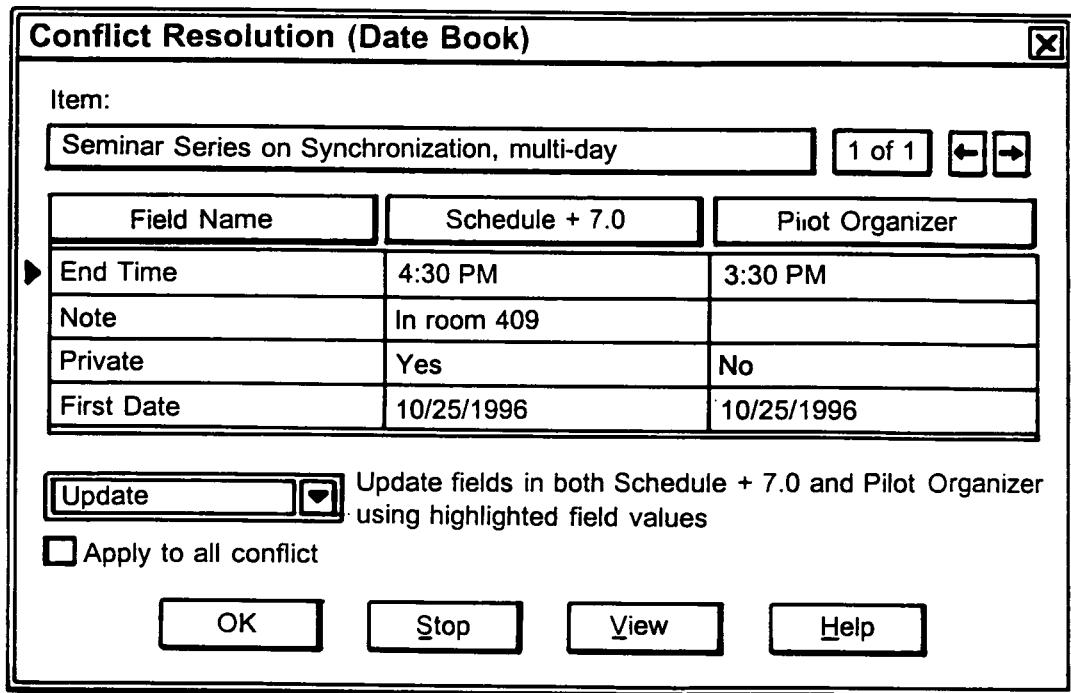


FIG. 20

Pseudocode for Merging Exclusion Lists

```
850.    FOR ALL Recurring Masters,  
851.        IF CIG_Type is 102 and conflict is unresolved THEN GO TO END LOOP  
852.        {Changing CIG TYPE}  
853.            COMPARE Exclusion_Lists of Current_CIG_A and B records to determine Exclusion instances  
854.            which appear in only one of the two records (i.e. One_Side_Only_Exclusion)  
855.            IF None THEN do nothing  
856.            ELSE IF One_Side_Only_Exclusion in A_Record but not in B THEN USE Table in  
857.                FIG. 22 to Convert CIG_Type  
858.            ELSE IF One_Side_Only_Exclusion in B record but not in A THEN USE Table in  
859.                FIG. 23 to Convert CIG_Type  
860.            ELSE IF One_Side_Only_Exclusion in both records, THEN USE Table in FIG. 24 to  
861.                convert CIG_Type  
862.            END IF  
863.        END LOOP
```

FIG. 21

Old CIG + choice	new CIG	new Conflict Resolution Choice	Other Instructions & Comments
101	102	ADB Wins	
111	211		
112	132		Replace H_ Record with a copy of the B_ Record, plus the ADB Exclusion List
211	211		
212	213	ADB Wins	
132	132		Copy ADB ExclusionList into P-Item
102-Ig	102	Ignore	
102-SW	102	ADB Wins	
102-TW	132		Create H_ Record by copying the B_ Record, plus the ADB Exclusion List
213-Ig	213	ADB Wins, Excl Only	The Excl Only flag is set so that only the Exclusion List will be updated. Other BDB Fields will remain unchanged.
213-SW	213	ADB Wins	
213-TW	132		Replace P-Item with a copy of the B_ Record, plus the ADB Exclusion List

(Ig for Ignore, SW for ADB Wins, or TW for BDB Wins).

FIG. 22

Old CIG + choice	new CIG	new Conflict Resolution Choice	Other Instructions & Comments
101	102	BDB Wins	
111	112		
112	112		
211	132		Replace P-Item with a copy of the A_Record, plus the BDB Exclusion List
212	213	BDB Wins	
132	132		Copy BDB ExclusionList into P-Item
102-Ig	102	Ignore	
102-SW	132		Create P-Item by copying A_Record, plus the BDB Exclusion List
102-TW	102	BDB Wins	
213-Ig	213	BDB Wins, Excl Only	The Excl Only flag is set so that only the Exclusion List will be updated. Other ADB Fields will remain unchanged.
213-SW	132		Replace P-Item with a copy of the A_Record, plus the BDB Exclusion List
213-TW	213	BDB Wins	

(Ig for Ignore, SW for ADB Wins, or TW for BDB Wins)

FIG. 23

Old CIG + choice	new CIG	new Conflict Resolution Choice	Other Instructions & Comments
101	132		Create P-Item by copying B_Record, plus the Merged Exclusion List
111	132		Copy Merged Exclusion List into P-Item.
112	132		Replace P-Item with a copy of the B_Record, plus the Merged Exclusion List
211	132		Replace P-Item with a copy of the A_Record, plus the Merged Exclusion List
212	132		Replace P-Item with a copy of the B_Record, plus the Merged Exclusion List
132	132		Copy Merged ExclusionList into P-Item
102-Ig	102	Ignore	
102-SW	132		Create P-Item by copying A_Record, plus the Merged Exclusion List
102-TW	132		Create P-Item by copying B_Record, plus the Merged Exclusion List
213-Ig	132	Excl Only	Copy Merged ExclusionList into P-Item. The Excl Only flag is set so that only the Exclusion List will be updated. Other ADB and BDB Fields will remain unchanged.
213-SW	132		Replace P-Item with a copy of the A_Record, plus the Merged Exclusion List
213-TW	132		Replace P-Item with a copy of the B_Record, plus the Merged Exclusion List

(Ig for Ignore, SW for ADB Wins, or TW for BDB Wins)

FIG. 24

Pseudo Code for Unloading Records from WORKSPACE to a database for non_rebuild_all database

FIG. 25A

FIG. 25B

899. FOR all Recurring Masters which require Fanning and Outcome is UPDATE or DELETE, call Synchronizer Function Fanning for Unloading, Fig.27
900. COUNT RECORDS to be Unloaded by examining all CIGs
901. FOR EVERY RECORD to be Unloaded
{DETERMINE OUTCOME}
902. IF MARKED GARBAGE, THEN SKIP
IF BYSTANDER AND NOT History File Upload, THEN SKIP
903. IF WRONG_SUBTYPE AND NOT Rebuild_All Translator, THEN SKIP
IF Recurring_Master THEN IF Fanned for the database THEN UNLOAD Instances when unloading END IF
ELSE UNLOAD Recurring Master when unloading
904. END IF
905. LOOK UP Outcome_Sync (i.e., Unload Instructions) in Fig. 26 Table based on CIG_TYPE|
IF Date Range Limited Database and Date_Range_Option = LENIENT, THEN
IF RECORD is Out of Current_Date_Range AND Outcome is not DELETE, THEN
SKIP Record
906. ELSE IF Date Range Limited Database and Date_Range_Option = STERN, THEN
IF RECORD is Out of Current_Date_Range, THEN Outcome=DELETE
907. END IF
908. IF Outcome = DELETE, THEN
Get Info Required for this database to DELETE RECORD
(may include unique ID, Record ID, or the original values of one or more key fields, to look up record so that it can be deleted)
909. DELETE Record
910. SEND Synchronizer SUCCESS/FAILURE FLAG
911. END IF

FIG. 25A

```

920.    IF Outcome = ADD, THEN
921.        GET Current values of all Fields, from Synchronizer
         (Synchronizer maps for A database based on B-A, in response to each request)
         CREATE new RECORD in DB
922.        IF Unique_ID DB, THEN GET Unique_ID
         SEND to Synchronizer (Success FLAG with any Unique_ID) OR (Failure Flag)
         Synchronizer: Store Unique_ID in WORKSPACE
923.    END IF
924.    IF Outcome is UPDDATE THEN GET Current values to be unloaded and original values loaded
         from database from Synchronizer
         COMPARE and DETERMINE which Field to be updated
         UPDATE fields in the record to be updated
         SEND to Synchronizer (Success flag AND Unique_ID) OR (Failure Flag)
         Synchronizer: STORE Unique_ID in WORKSPACE
925.    END IF
926.    END LOOP
927.    927.
928.    928.
929.    929.
930.    930.
931.    931.
932.    932.
933.    933.

```

FIG. 25B

```

// Original Current
// Item Item Outcome
// ----- -----
{
//--- TIFCIG_001 - 1 (0) // item is present in BDB only

    B,           B,           oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
    B,           B,           oADD,          // unloading to ADB
    B,           B,           oSAVE,         // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_100 - 1 (1) // item is present in ADB only

    A_           A_           oADD,          // unloading to BDB
    A_           A_           oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
    A_           A_           oSAVE,         // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_101 - 1 (2) // item is identical in ADB and BDB

    B_           B_           oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
    A_           A_           oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
    A_           B_           oSAVE,         // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_102 - 1 (3) // NEW ADB ITEM < > NEW BDB ITEM
// (the BDB WINS outcome is shown here)

    B_           B_           oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
    A_           B_           oUPDATE,        // unloading to ADB
    A_           B_           oSAVE,          // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_111 - 1 (4) // item is unchanged across the board

    B_           B_           oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
    A_           A_           oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
    H_           H_           oSAVE,          // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_112 - 1 (5) // item CHANGED in BDB since last sync

    B_           B_           oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
    A_           B_           oUPDATE,        // unloading to ADB
    H_           B_           oSAVE,          // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_110 - 1 (6) // item DELETED from BDB since last sync

    H_           H_           oLEAVE_DELETED, // unloading to BDB
    A_           A_           oDELETE,        // unloading to ADB
    H_           H_           oDISCARD,       // unloading to History File

```

FIG. 26A

FIG. 26B

FIG. 26C

FIG. 26D

FIG. 26

FIG. 26A

//--- CIG_211 - 1 (7) // item CHANGED in ADB since last sync

B_ A_ oUPDATE, // unloading to BDB
A_ A_ oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
H_ A_ oSAVE, // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_212 - 1 (8) // item CHANGED IDENTICALLY in Src & BDB

B_ B_ oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
A_ A_ oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
H_ A_ oSAVE, // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_213 - 1 (9) // item CHANGED DIFFERENTLY in Src & BDB
// (the BDB WINS outcome is shown here)

B_ B_ oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
A_ B_ oUPDATE, // unloading to ADB
H_ B_ oSAVE, // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_210 - 1 (10) // CHANGED in ADB, DELETED from BDB

A_ A_ oADD, // unloading to BDB
A_ A_ oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
H_ A_ oSAVE, // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_011 - 1 (11) // item DELETED from ADB since last sync

B_ B_ oDELETE, // unloading to BDB
H_ H_ oLEAVE_DELETED, // unloading to ADB
H_ H_ oDISCARD, // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_012 - 1 (12) // DELETED from ADB, CHANGED in BDB

B_ B_ oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
B_ B_ oADD, // unloading to ADB
H_ B_ oSAVE, // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_010 - 1 (13) // item DELETED from both ADB & BDB

H_ H_ oLEAVE_DELETED, // unloading to BDB
H_ H_ oLEAVE_DELETED, // unloading to ADB
H_ H_ oDISCARD, // unloading to History File

//--- CIG_132 - 1 (14) // 102 conflict resolved interactively
// to a "compromise" value stored in P-item
// outcome is always UPDATE BOTH

B_ H_ oUPDATE, // unloading to BDB
A_ H_ oUPDATE, // unloading to ADB
A_ H_ oSAVE, // unloading to History File

FIG. 26B

```

///--- CIG_13F - 1 (15) // 132 UPDATE-BOTH
// which has been Fanned To BDB

B_      B_      oDELETE,    // unloading to BDB
A_      H_      oUPDATE,    // unloading to ADB
A_      H_      oSAVE       // unloading to History File

// Note that we delete the recurring master on the BDB Side;
// fanned instances take its place.

};


```

The table entries above for CIG_102 and CIG_213 are only relevant when the Conflict Resolution Option is set to BDB WINS. If the Conflict Resolution Option is set to IGNORE or ADB WINS then those table entries are adjusted accordingly. For IGNORE we use the following table entries:

```

// Original Current
// Item   Item   Outcome
// ----- -----
//--- _CIG_TYPE_102 // NEW ADB ITEM < > NEW BDB ITEM

B_      B_      oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
A_      A_      oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
B_      B_      oDISCARD,   // unloading to History File

//--- _CIG_TYPE_213 // item CHANGED DIFFERENTLY in Src & BDB

B_      B_      oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
A_      A_      oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
H_      H_      oSAVE,      // unloading to History File

```

And for ADB WINS we use the following table entries:

```

// Original Current
// Item   Item   Outcome
// ----- -----
//--- _CIG_TYPE_102 // NEW ADB ITEM < > NEW BDB ITEM

B_      A_      oUPDATE,    // unloading to BDB
A_      A_      oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
B_      A_      oSAVE,      // unloading to History File

//--- _CIG_TYPE_213 // item CHANGED DIFFERENTLY in Src & BDB

B_      A_      oUPDATE,    // unloading to BDB
A_      A_      oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
H_      A_      oSAVE,      // unloading to History File

```

When the NOY option is in effect, CIG-specific conflict outcomes are recorded in the CIG members' flag bits. When this is the case the following lookup table is used:

```

static unsigned char TableAfterILCR [_SYNC_OUTCOME_COUNT]
    [AFTER_ILCR_CIG_TYPE_COUNT]
    [SYNC_UNLOAD_PHASE_COUNT]
[3] =

```

```

// Original Current
// Item   Item   Outcome
// ----- ----- -----
{
}

//----- Entries for _OUTCOME_SYNC_BDB_WINS

//-- _CIG_TYPE_102 // NEW ADB ITEM < > NEW BDB ITEM

B_     B_     oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
A_     B_     oUPDATE,    // unloading to ADB
A_     B_     oSAVE,      // unloading to History File

//-- _CIG_TYPE_213 // item CHANGED DIFFERENTLY in Src & BDB

B_     B_     oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
A_     B_     oUPDATE,    // unloading to ADB
H_     B_     oSAVE,      // unloading to History File

//----- Entries for _OUTCOME_SYNC_ADB_WINS

//-- _CIG_TYPE_102 // NEW ADB ITEM < > NEW BDB ITEM

B_     A_     oUPDATE,    // unloading to BDB
A_     A_     oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
B_     A_     oSAVE,      // unloading to History File

//-- _CIG_TYPE_213 // item CHANGED DIFFERENTLY in Src & BDB

B_     A_     oUPDATE,    // unloading to BDB
A_     A_     oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
H_     A_     oSAVE,      // unloading to History File

//----- Entries for IGNORE (LEAVE UNRESOLVED)

//-- _CIG_TYPE_102 // NEW ADB ITEM < > NEW BDB ITEM

B_     B_     oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
A_     A_     oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
B_     B_     oDISCARD,   // unloading to History File

//-- _CIG_TYPE_213 // item CHANGED DIFFERENTLY in Src & BDB

B_     B_     oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to BDB
A_     A_     oLEAVE_ALONE, // unloading to ADB
H_     H_     oSAVE,      // unloading to History File

}; //--- TableAfterILCR

```

FIG. 26D

FANNING Recurring_Items for Unloading (for A DB)

Fan Pattern for paper Date Range (Fig. XX)

```
950. IF Outcome is UPDATE, THEN
951.   IF (CIG_A_Record was a Recurring Master but now to be fanned and CIG_B_Record is a
      Recurring Master) THEN IF CIG_Type = 132 THEN CIG_Type = 13F
      GOTO Fanning For ADD
952.
953.   ELSE
      SET A_Record CIG_Type to 100
      SET B_Record CIG_Type to 001
      SET H_Record CIG_Type to 010
      MARK A_Record with DELETE_ME Flag
      GOTO Fanning for Add
954. END IF
955.
956.
957.
958.
959.
960. END IF
961. IF (CIG_A_Records were fanned previously and Fanned now) AND (CIG_B_record recurring),
      THEN
FOR ALL A items in Synthetic Master FIG
STORE Start_Date in Date_Array_Temporary
END LOOP
Fan_Out_Recurring_Pattern of B Master
COMPARE Date_Array_Temp with Fan_Out_Date_Array
MARK Dates which NOT IN Fan_Out Date Array with DELETE_Me Flag
IF Date NOT IN Date_Array_Temp, THEN
  CREATE WORK SPACE Record by Copy Recurring_Master but Omit Rep
    Basic, Rep_Excl, Unique ID Field
    SET Start_Date, End_Date, Alarm_Date to values for Current Instance
    Compute Hash
    MARK Fanned_For_A
END IF
```

FIG. 27A

FIG. 27B

FIG 27

FIG. 27A

```

974.      IF Date_in Date_Array_Temp AND Fan_Out_Date_Array THEN
975.          Compare Non_Date Hash to Synthetic Master Non_Date_Hash
976.          IF Same, THEN MARK Leave_Alone
977.          ELSE MARK UPDATE END IF
978.      END IF
979.      IF (A_Record Recurring previously and to be Fanned now) AND (CIG_B_Record is Instances)
980.          THEN
981.              MARK CIG items as Garbage
982.              MARK FIG items of CIG_H_record as Garbage
983.              MAKE FIG items of CIG_B_record singletons
984.          END IF
985.      ELSE [Fanning For Add]
986.          Fan out Recurrence Pattern
987.          For each Date in Fan_Out_Date_Array
988.              COPY Master item into new WORKSPACE Record except Omit Rep_Basic,
989.                  Rep_Exclusion, and Unique ID
990.                  Use Date for Start Date and End Date
991.                  Set Alarm Date, if necessary
992.                  Compute Hash Values
993.                  Attach to Recurring_Master FIG
994.                  Set Fanned_for_A_Flag
995.          END LOOP
END IF

```

FIG. 27B

Pseudocode for Unloading History FILE

1000. ERASE previous History File and CREATE new one
1001. FOR EVERY CIG in WORKSPACE
1002. Look up in Fig. 26 Table based on CIG_Type AND DETERMINE whether should be unloaded into the History File
1003. IF NO THEN GOTO END LOOP
1004. IF Exclusion_List_Only Flag is set when merging of Exclusion_List THEN REPLACE History RECORD Exclusion_List with new Merged Exclusion_List
1005. Clear all Flag bits except for Recurring_Record flag
1006. SET origin flag to History_Record
1007. Clear FIG, SKG and CIG words
1008. STORE Applicable Unique IDs
1009. IF Recurring item, THEN STORE ALL ID_Bearing FIG records AND SET their FIG in History_File to keep them together
1010. STORE Record in History File
1011. IF current record is a recurring master for an ID-bearing FIG THEN STORE FIG Records(i.e. all Fanned Instances) in the History File, with the FIG linkage words set in the History File to hold the FIG together.
1012. END LOOP
1013. STORE Field Lists, Application Names, Database Names, Current Date Range,

FIG. 28

	How Item is stored in Other Database	How stored in Unloader' s Database Before Fanning For Update	How stored in Unloader' s Database After Fanning For Update
1	Master	Master	Instances
2	Master	Instances	Instances
3	Instances	Master	Instances

FIG. 29

1050. Verify History File
1051. If verified, Then Proceed as Fast Sync
1052. If not, Then Proceed as Synchronization from Scratch load all record in database
1053. If Fast Sync
1054. LOAD records into the Workspace. Map if necessary
1055. Sanitize Records not marked as Deletion
1056. Orientation analysis (Fig. 11).
For each H_Record, analyze the CIG that the H_Record belongs to.
1057. IF the H_Record's CIG contains no Record from the Fast Synchronization database,
THEN CLONE the H-Item, label it a Fast Synchronization Record, and add it to the
H_Record's CIG.
If the H_Record's CIG contains a Fast Synchronization record that is marked as a(a)
Deletion, it is now removed from the CIG.
If the H_Record's CIG contains a non-Delete Fast Synchronization Record, then do
nothing.
1059. .
1060. END LOOP

FIG. 30

FIG. 31A

1150. Verify History File
 If verified, Then Proceed as Fast Sync
 If not, Then Proceed as Synchronization from Scratch
1153. IF synchronization from scratch
1154. IF record outside of current_date_range THEN MARK record as out-of-range

FIG. 31B

FIG. 31

1155. If Fast Sync
1156. Load History File into Workspace
1157. MARK History File records outside of previous_date_range as Bystander
1158. Load All Fast Synchronization Records into the Workspace; mapped if necessary.
1159. SANITIZE Records which are not DELETED
1160. Orientation analysis (Fig. 11).
1161. ~~If Added Fast_Synchronization record is out of current date range THEN MARK Out-Of_Range~~
1162. If Changed or deleted Fast Synchronization record in a CIG with Bystander H_Record, MARK the Bystander record as Garbage

FIG. 31A

1163. For each H_Record, analyze the CIG that the H_Record belongs to.
 1164. If the H_Record's CIG contains no Record from the Fast Synchronization database,
 then make a clone of the H-Item, label it a Fast Synchronization Record, and adding it
 to the H_Record's CIG.
 1165. If H_Record is not a Bystander, THEN Make a clone of H_Record, mark as Fast
 Synchronization record, and Add to CIG
 IF H_Record is Bystander THEN
 IF outside of Current date range THEN Do Nothing
 ELSE {Within Current Date Range}
 Mark H_Record as Garbage, Clone H_Record and Mark it as from
 Fast Synchronization database
 ENDIF
 ENDIF
 1166. END IF
 1167. If the H_Record's CIG contains a Fast Synchronization record that is marked as a
 deletion, it is now removed from the CIG.
 1168. If the H_Record's CIG contains a non-deletion Fast Synchronization Record, then do
 nothing.
 1169. Any Fast Synchronization records which are not joined to any H_Record's CIG
 represent additions and no transformation is required.
 1170. END LOOP
 1171.
 1172.
 1173.
 1174.
 1175.

FIG. 31B